Section 1 - Identification

Product Name: Ship Shape (16227)

Atlantic Solutions, Inc. 125 North Chatham Pkwy Chapel Hill, NC 27517 919-933-4250

Emergency Phone: 800-535-5053

Product Use: Removing scum, body oils, suntan lotion and film that have been allowed to accumulate on swimming pool during winter season.

Section 2 - Hazards Ic	lentification		
GHS Ratings:			
Skin corrosive	1A	Destruction of dermal tissue: Exposure < 3 min. Observation < 1 hour, visible necrosis in at least one animal	
Eye corrosive	1	Serious eye damage: Irreversible damage 21 days after exposure, Draize score: Corneal opacity >= 3, Iritis > 1.5	
GHS Hazards			
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage		
H318	Causes serious eye damage		
GHS Precautions			
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray		
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling		
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection		
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell after exposure of this product		
P321	Specific treatment (see First Aid below or label)		
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse		
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting		
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower		
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing		
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing		
P405	Store locked up		
P501	Dispose of contents/container in conformance with State, Local, and Federal regulations.		

Signal Word: Danger



Section 3 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %	
Phosphoric Acid	8017-16-1	5.00% - 10.00%	
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	1.00% - 5.00%	
Amidosulfonic acid	5329-14-6	1.00% - 5.00%	

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

After inhalation:

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet. Supply fresh air. Call a doctor immediately

After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Call a doctor immediately.

After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly. Call a doctor immediately.

After swallowing: Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help

immediately. NOTE: Never give an unconscious person anything to drink.

Information for doctor:

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Gastric or intestinal disorders · Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Medical supervision for at least 48 hours.

UEL:

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: N/A

LEL:

The product is not flammable

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

· For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet

Hazardous Decomposition:

Chlorine, Hydrogen Chloride, Hydrogen gas, Phosphorous Oxides

Advice for firefighters Protective equipment: Wear self-contained respiratory protective device. Wear fully protective suit. Additional information Cool endangered receptacles with water spray. Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. Mount respiratory protective device.

Environmental precautions: Dilute with plenty of water. Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Absorb liquid components with liquid-binding material.

Use neutralizing agent. Dispose contaminated material as waste according to Section 13. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Section 7 - Handling & Storage

Precautions for safe handling: Keep receptacles tightly sealed. Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. When diluting always pour product into water and not vice versa.

Information about fire - and explosion protection: No special measures required.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store only in the original receptacle. Use polyolefine receptacles. Provide acid-resistant floor.

Suitable material for receptacles and pipes: Stainless steel.

Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from reducing agents. Store away from metals. Do not store together with alkalis (caustic solutions). Do not store together with organic materials.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits	
Phosphoric Acid 8017-16-1	TWA-8hrs: 1 mg/m3 STEL-15min.:2mg/m3	Not Established	Not Established	
Hydrochloric Acid 7647-01-0	PEL: 5 ppm (7 mg/m3) Ceiling Limit	TLV: 5 ppm (7 mg/m3) Ceiling	Not Established	
Amidosulfonic acid 5329-14-6	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	

General protective and hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals. Do not eat or drink while working. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Respiratory protection: Use suitable respiratory protective device only when aerosol or mist is formed. In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment: Avoid discharging of Hydrochloric / Phosphoric acid solutions into municipal wastewater, surface water or soils, when such discharges are expected to cause significant pH changes.

Risk management measures: Regular control of the pH value previous to or during discharges into open waters is required. Discharges should be carried out as to minimize pH changes in receiving surface waters. In general most aquatic organisms can tolerate pH values in the range of 6-9.

Eye protection: Tightly sealed goggles

Body protection: Acid resistant protective clothing, Boots

Protection of hands: Protective gloves. The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. · Material of gloves Butyl rubber, BR Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton) Nitrile rubber, NBR Natural rubber, NR Chloroprene rubber, CR Neoprene gloves

Penetration time of glove material: The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials: Leather gloves

Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties

Boiling Range 84 to 171 °C	Appearance Clear Liquid		
Color Green	р Н <1		
Specific Gravity 1.06	Odor Acerbic		
Odor Threshold N/A	Freezing Point 30F		
Boiling Range 212F	Flash Point N/A		
Evaporation Rate N/A	Vapor Pressure N/A		
Solubility in Water Complete	Viscosity <=10		
Flammability N/A	Upper/lower flammability N/A		
Partition coefficient: n- N/A octanol/water	Auto-ignition temperature N/A		
Decomposition temperature N/A			

Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity

STABLE

INCOMPATABILITIES:

Oxidizing agents, acids, nitrogen containing organic, metals, iron, copper, nickel, cobalt, organic materials, and ammonia. Corrosive to most metals with evolution of hydrogen gas, which may form explosive mixtures with air. Materials To Avoid

Alkalines, metal oxides, metals, metal alloys, and organic matters, fluorine, strong reducing agents, bases, sulphur trioxide, phosphorus pentoxide.

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases

DECOMPOSITION:

Instability Temperature: 85_°C. Rate of decomposition increases with heat. **Conditions of Instability:** High heat, ultraviolet light.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Rate of decomposition increases with heat.

Decomposes with heat at 209 /408 to release sulfur dioxide, sulfur trioxide, and ammonia gases. Hazardous reaction in aqueous solution may occur with chlorine, hypochlorous acid, hypochlorites, cyanides or sulfides.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11 - Tox	cicological Information
Mixture Toxicity Component Toxicity	
8017-16-1	Phosphoric Acid Oral LD50: 1,530 mg/kg (RAT) Dermal LD50: 2,740 mg/kg (RAT)
7647-01-0	Hydrochloric Acid Oral LD50: 700 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation LC50: 1,562 ppm (Rat)

CAS Number	Description	<u>% Weight</u>	Carcinogen Rating		
None			N/A		
Section 12 - Ecological Information					
Do not discharge into waterways. The strong lowering of pH can destroy organisms.					
Component Ecotoxicity					
Phosphoric Acid	Acute Fish Toxicity Harmful to aquatic life in water intake.	very low concentratio	ons. May be dangerous if it enters		
Hydrochloric Acid	water containing this pro- notifying the local sewage	s product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not contaminate ter containing this product to sewer systems without previously ifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, itact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.			

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Recommendation:

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Small amounts may be diluted with plenty of water and washed away. Dispose of bigger amounts in accordance with Local Authority requirements.

Uncleaned packaging Recommendation:

Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They may be recycled after thorough and proper cleaning. Packagings that may not be cleansed are to be disposed of in the same manner as the product. Disposal must be made in accordance with Local Authority requirements.

Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

Agency
DOTProper Shipping Name
Compound, Cleaning Liquid (Containing Phosphoric
and Hydrochloric Acids)UN Number
NA1760Packing Group
PGIIHazard Class
8

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard Classification Hydrochloric Acid 7647-01-0

- None

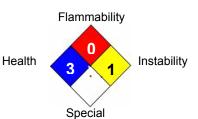
Section 16 - Other Information

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)



HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend * = Chronic Health Hazard 0 = INSIGNIFICANT 1 = SLIGHT 2 = MODERATE 3 = HIGH

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



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Reviewer Revision

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